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(54) **TIRE PRESSURE MONITOR SYSTEM TOOL
WITH RE-LEARN AND DIAGNOSTIC
PROCEDURES**

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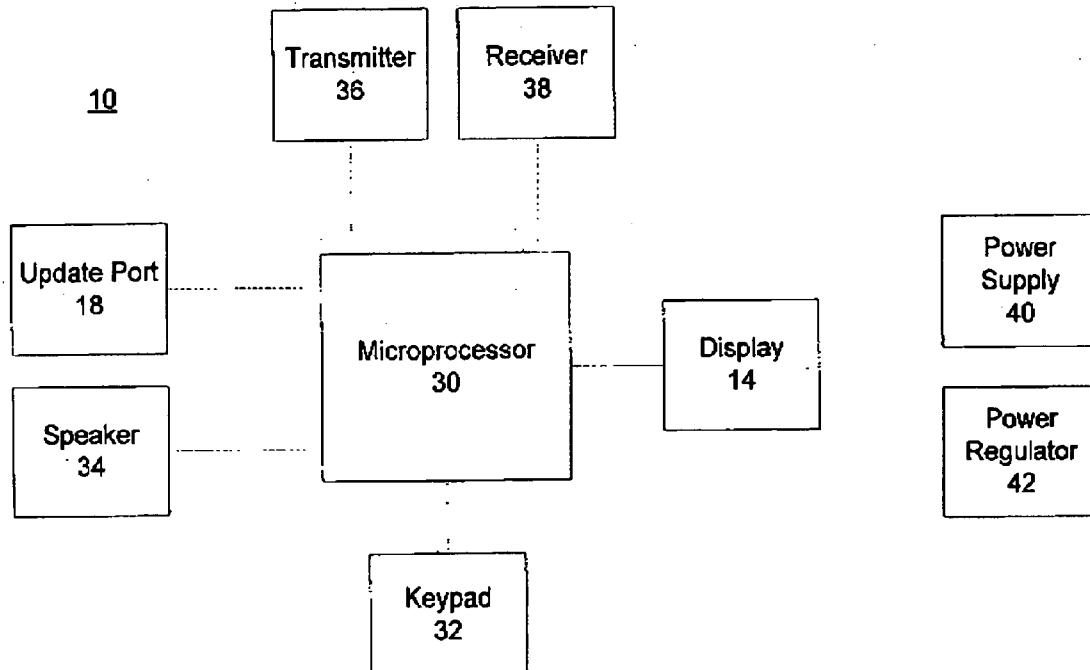
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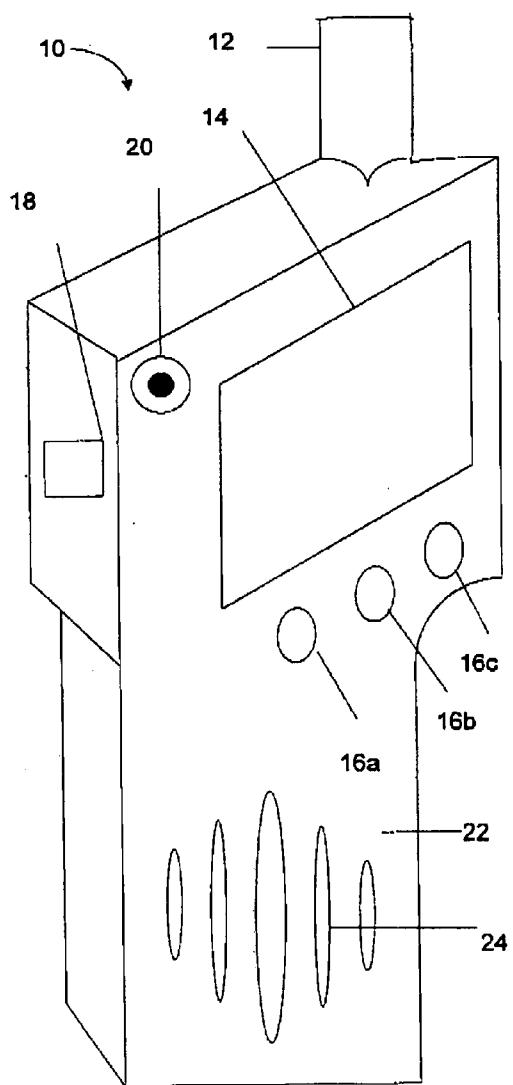
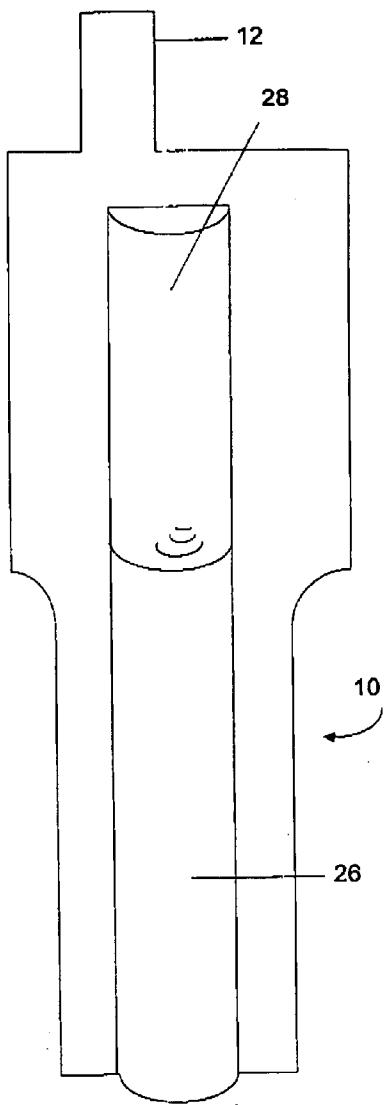
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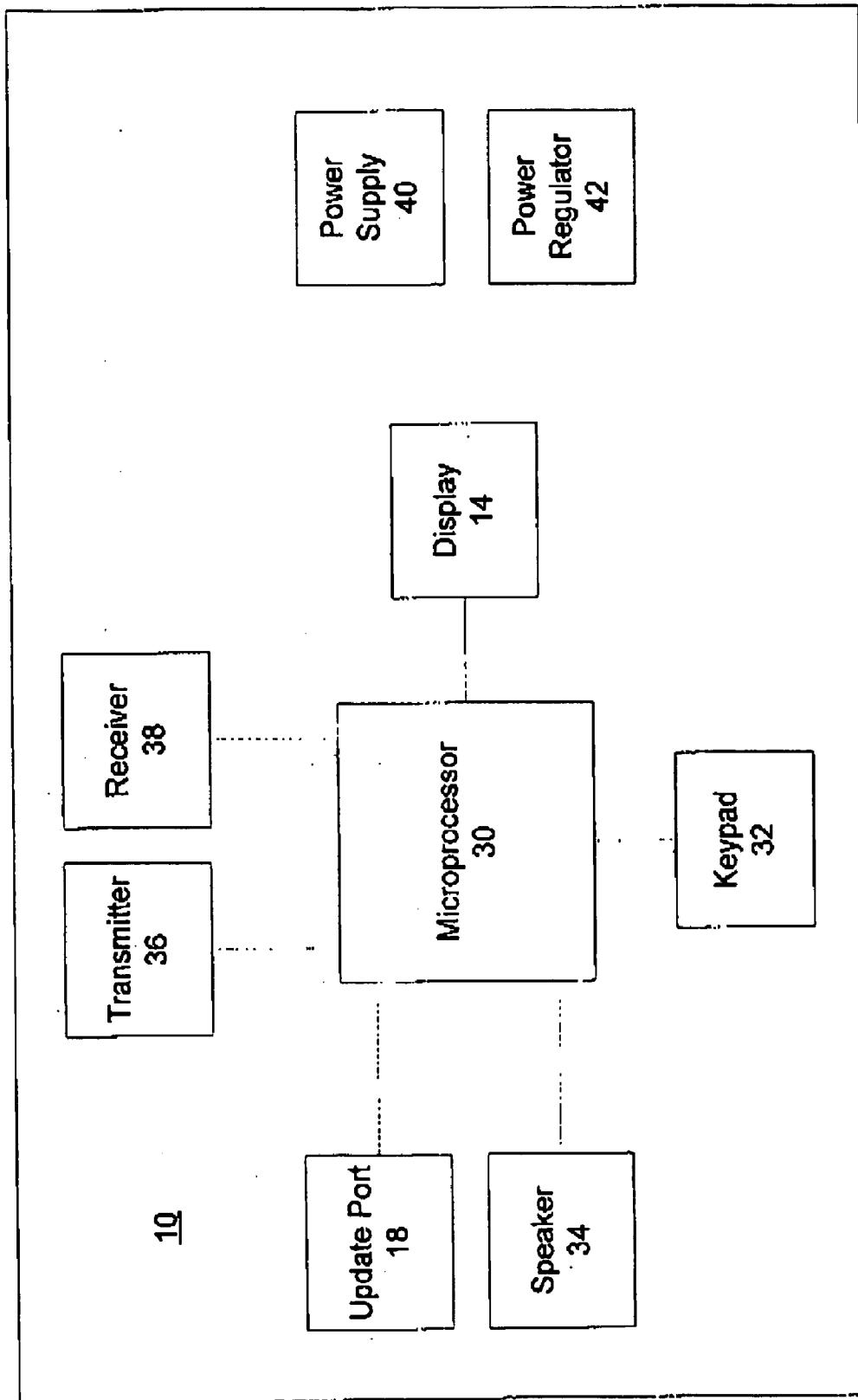
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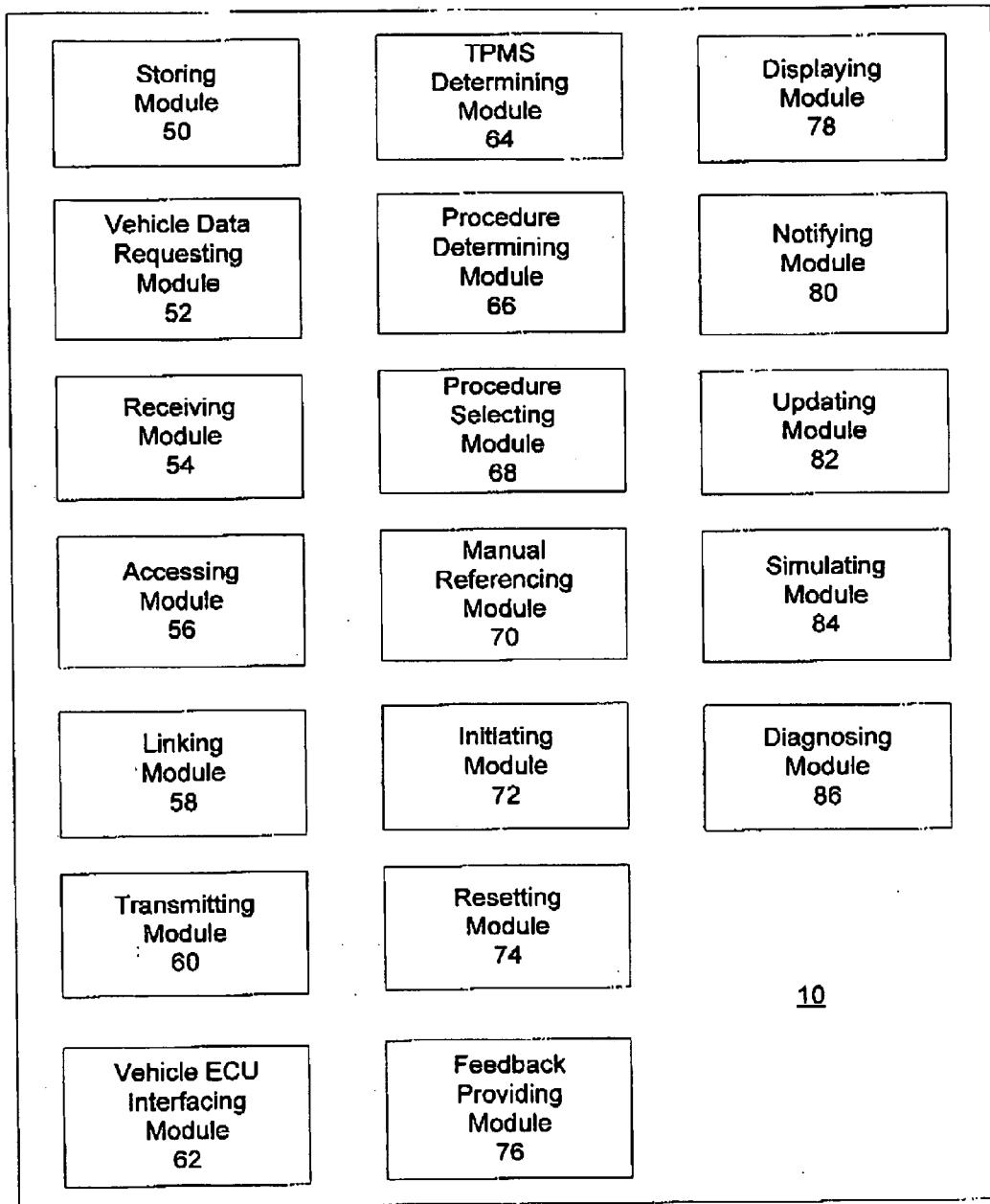
ABSTRACT

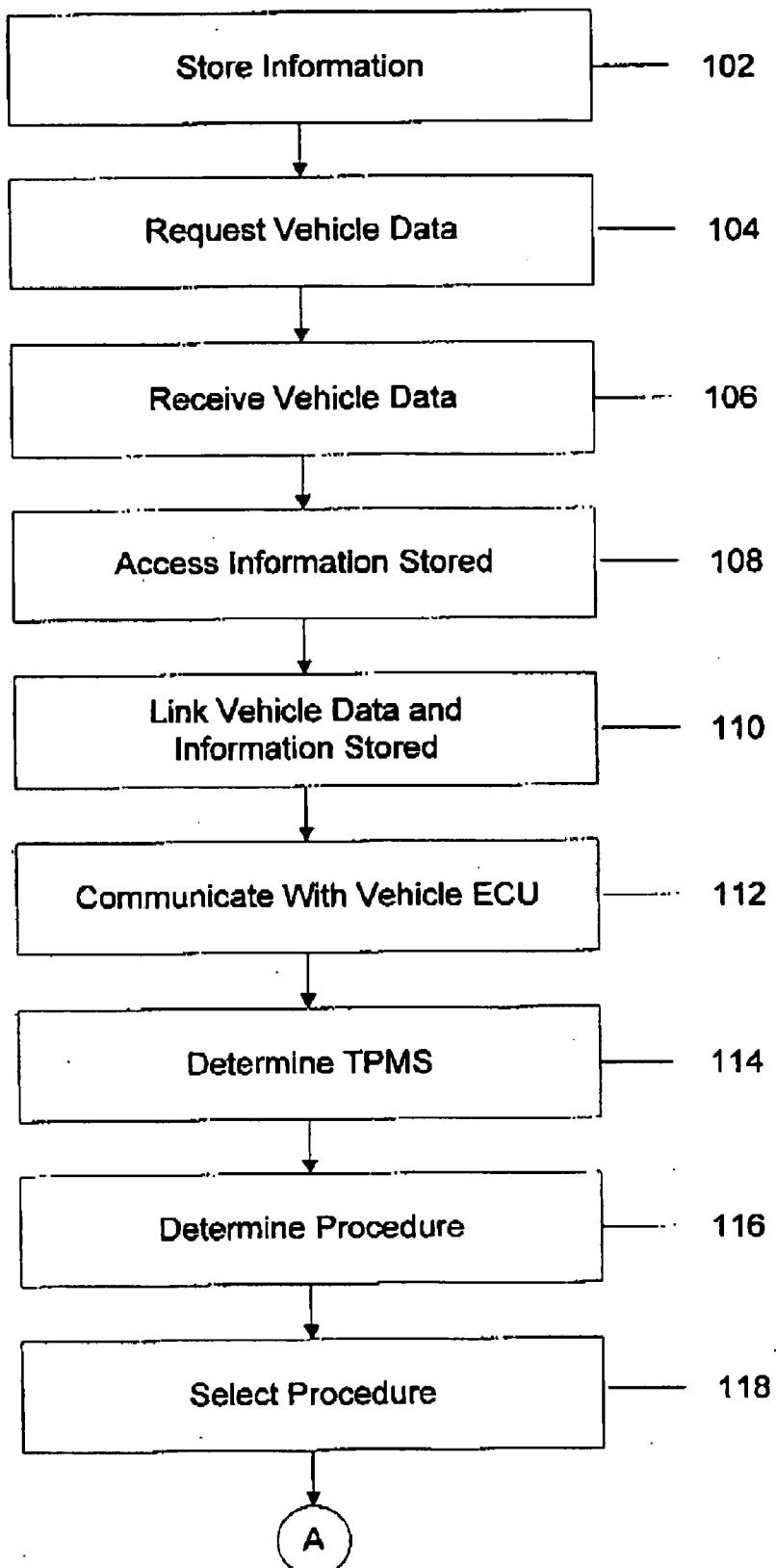
A tire pressure monitor system tool that stores information regarding a plurality of tire pressure monitor systems. The information may include procedures for resetting and diagnosing the tire pressure monitor system. The tool may include a storing module that stores the information and a displaying module that causes the information to be displayed on a display of the tool. The tool may enable a user to input data regarding a vehicle. Based on the vehicle data input by the user, the tool may determine a tire pressure monitor system installed on the vehicle using the information stored. Based on the tire pressure monitoring system installed on the vehicle, the tool may determine one or more reset or diagnostic procedures that may be performed by the tool. The tool may also reference the owner's manual of the vehicle. The tool may also include an updating module that updates the information stored by the tool. The tool may also include an update interface that may be, for example, an RS232 port. The tool may interface with an electronic control unit of a vehicle.

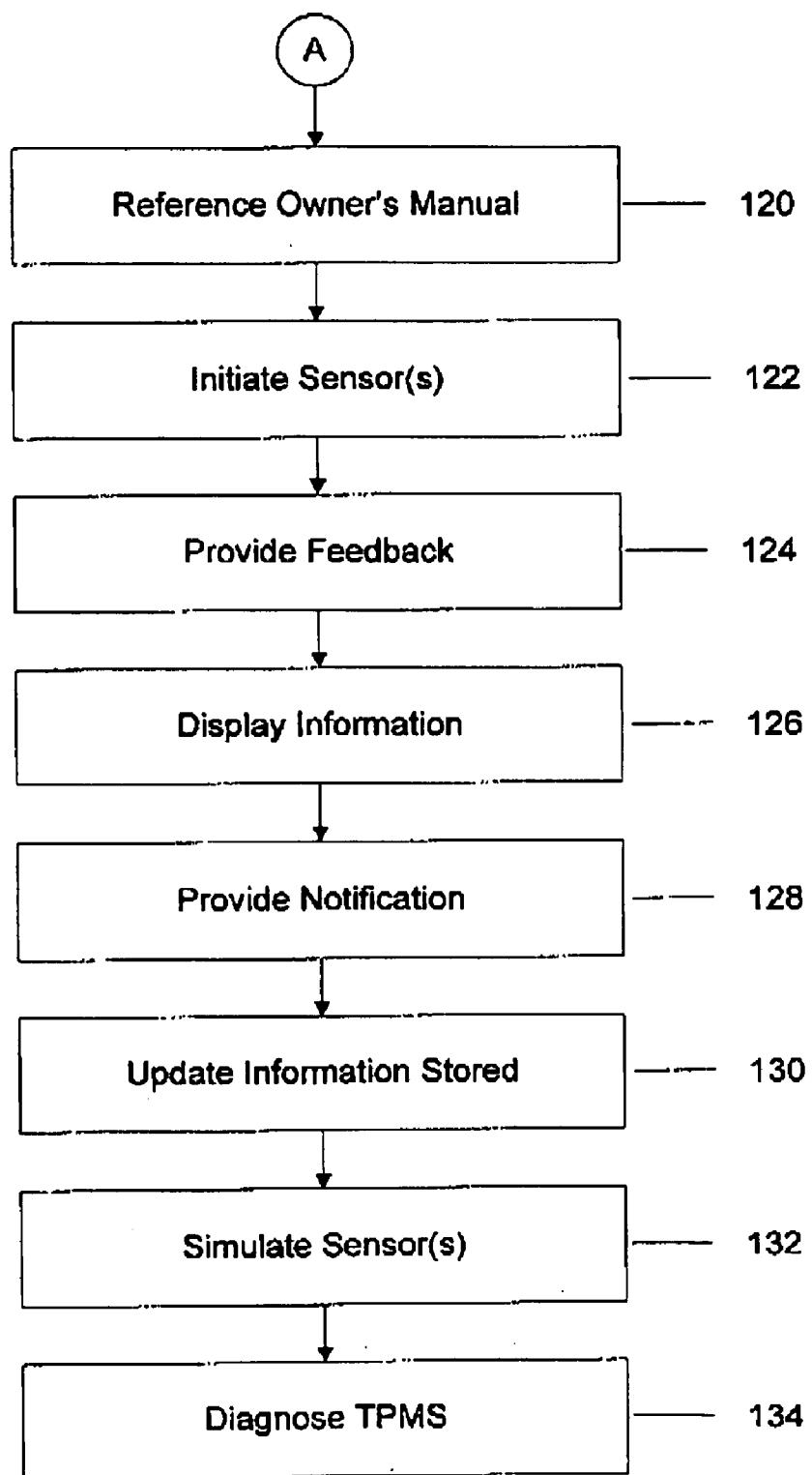


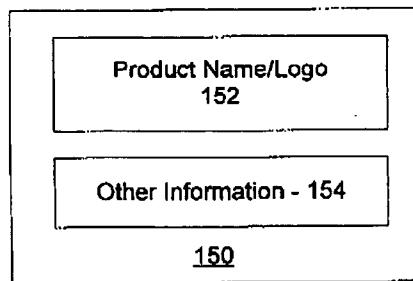
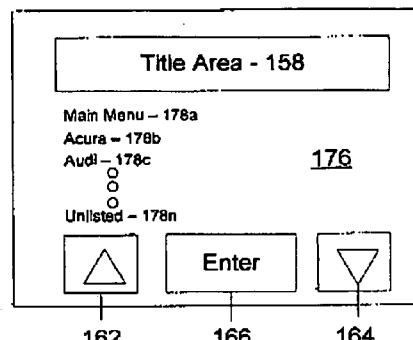
**FIG. 1****FIG. 2**

**FIG. 3**

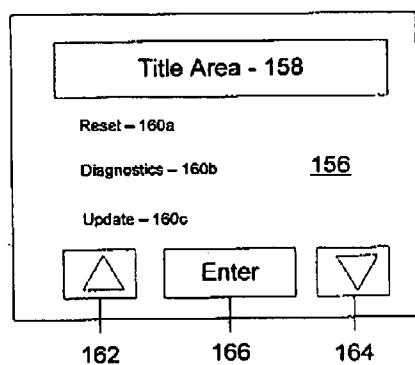
**FIG. 4**

**FIG. 5**

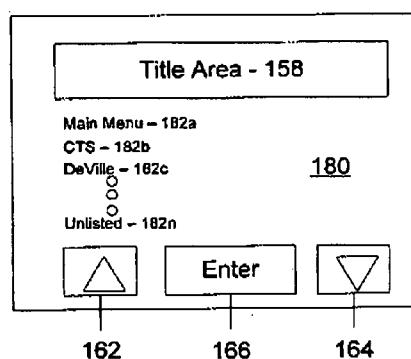
**FIG. 6**

**FIG. 7**

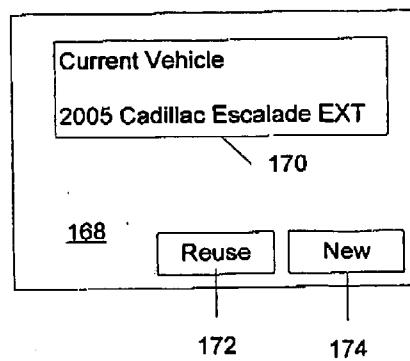
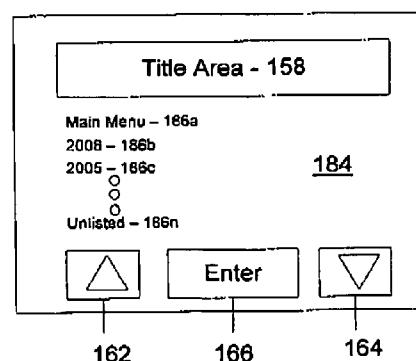
162 166 164

FIG. 10

162 166 164

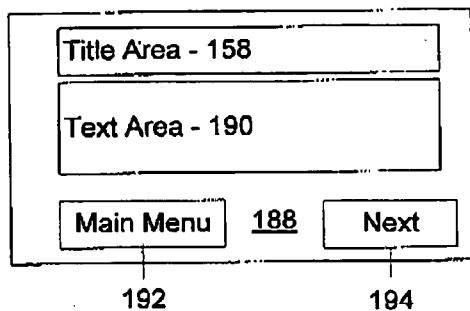
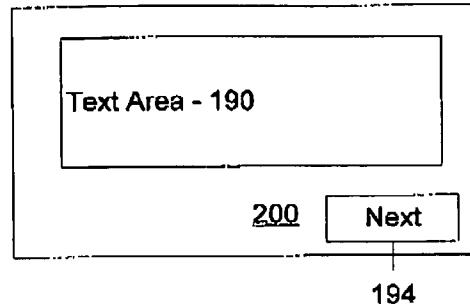
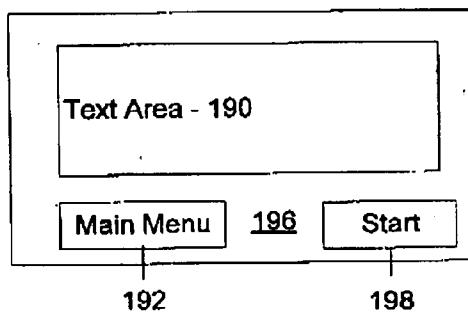
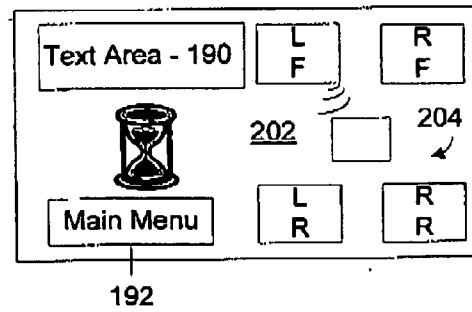
FIG. 8

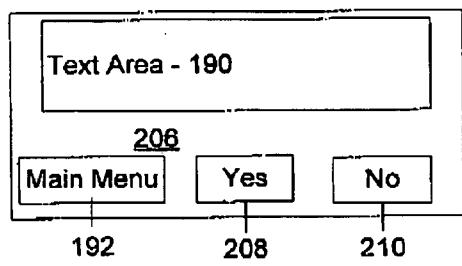
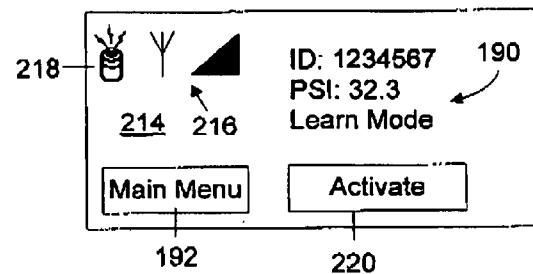
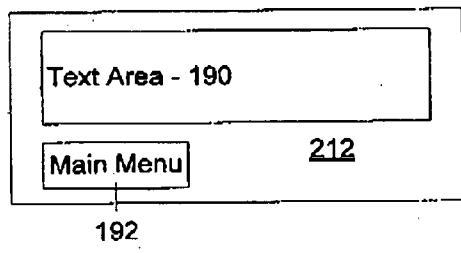
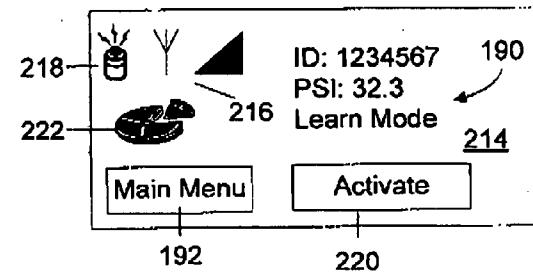
162 166 164

FIG. 11**FIG. 9**

162 166 164

FIG. 12

**FIG. 13****FIG. 15****FIG. 14****FIG. 16**

**FIG. 17****FIG. 19****FIG. 18****FIG. 20**

TIRE PRESSURE MONITOR SYSTEM TOOL WITH RE-LEARN AND DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is related to co-pending U.S. patent application titled “Tire Pressure Monitor System Tool With Vehicle Entry System,” filed concurrently herewith, co-pending U.S. patent application titled “Tire Pressure Monitor System Module,” filed concurrently herewith, and co-pending U.S. patent application titled “Tire Pressure Monitor Initiation Tool With Vehicle Data Interface,” filed concurrently herewith, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The invention relates generally to tire pressure monitoring systems. More particularly, the invention relates to a handheld tire pressure monitoring system tool that stores and provides procedures for diagnosing and resetting a tire pressure monitor system.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] Systems have been developed to monitor, for example, vehicle tire pressure, and to report the tire pressure to a receiver at a central monitoring station using radio transmissions. A typical remote automotive tire condition monitoring system includes a plurality of tire-based sensory transponders and a central, vehicle-based arrangement. The sensory transponders include a component that senses a tire condition, such as tire inflation pressure or tire temperature. Each transponder is capable of outputting a coded transmission that conveys sensed tire condition information and an identifier for reception by the vehicle-based arrangement. Within the vehicle-based arrangement, an electronic control unit (“ECU”) processes the conveyed information and controls provision of information regarding the sensed tire conditions to a vehicle operator. During operation of such a system, the vehicle operator is readily notified of a current tire condition, such as a low inflation pressure in a tire.

[0004] For a vehicle operator to determine which tire has a condition of interest (e.g., a low inflation pressure), information provided to the vehicle operator must unambiguously identify the location (e.g., right front) of the tire that has the condition of interest. In order for the ECU to provide such tire location information, the ECU has a memory that stores tire identification information for comparison with the identification conveyed from the transponder. Also, within the memory, a certain tire location is associated with each stored tire identification. Thus, once a provided identification is matched to a stored identification, a location on the vehicle is associated with the provided tire condition information. Accordingly, the operator is made aware that the tire at a certain location (e.g., right front) has the certain condition (e.g., low inflation pressure).

[0005] Changes routinely occur regarding the tires and/or transponders that are associated with a vehicle. The changes can result in new, different transponders being associated with the vehicle, or a rearrangement of the locations of the transponders, via rearrangement of the tires. Examples of such changes occur when one or more new tires with new transponders are mounted on a vehicle (e.g., the placement of the initial set of tires during vehicle manufacture or replace-

ment of one or more tires), when the tires are rotated during routine maintenance, or when a transponder is replaced on an existing tire. It should be readily apparent that new/modified identification and location information regarding the tire must be provided or “taught” to the ECU.

[0006] In order to accomplish the “teaching” of the tire identification information to a vehicle-based portion, one known tire identification system is placed in a “learn” mode via actuation of pushbutton(s) on an operator-accessible information panel of the vehicle-based portion. During the learn mode, the vehicle-based portion is in a ready state to receive a distinctive “learn” mode signal transmitted from each of tire-based transmitter of the system. In order to cause each tire-based transmitter to send the “learn” mode signal, a strong magnet is swept over the outside of the associated vehicle tire.

[0007] A monitor is located at each tire and periodically takes a measurement of the tire pressure. A pressure signal is generated that corresponds to the pressure within the tire. The monitor transmits the measurement in a radio frequency transmission to the central monitoring station that produces an alarm or a display in response to the measurement. When the tire pressure drops below a predetermined pressure, an indicator is used to signal the vehicle operator of the low pressure.

[0008] During assembly and routine maintenance such as tire rotation or tire replacement, the tire pressure system must be calibrated. Calibration involves associating the various tire positions with the pressure transmitters that are located on the tires. One proposed method for calibrating a system uses a magnet device to initiate the calibration. In this system, an internal display panel with locations corresponding to the tire location is activated. When the tire locations are illuminated on the display, the vehicle operator or service technician places the magnet near the indicated tire. The transducer then sends a code corresponding thereto to the central controller. When the indicator indicates another tire location, the magnet must be brought near each tire location until each of the tire locations have a tire registered thereto. One problem with this device is that a separate component such as a magnet must be provided to the vehicle operator that is used only in the calibration process. One problem associated with a separate magnet device is that such a device is subject to loss. Thus, the tire pressure sensing system would be rendered inoperable.

[0009] One problem with such systems is the need to program the location of the transmitters at the central station. To be useful, the tire pressure is preferably associated with the tire which originated the measurement when presenting a display or alarm. Each monitor includes identification information that can be transmitted with the measurement. The tire monitor is preferably activated to produce this information and the information is conveyed to the central station and associated with the position of the tire.

[0010] In one technique, the tire monitors include a reed switch or other magnetic device. A magnet is passed near the reed switch causing the monitor to transmit a radio frequency transmission that includes identification data. A service technician repeats this process at each wheel and then loads the identification and position information into the central monitoring station.

[0011] One drawback with such a system is that because many wheels are made from steel which is a magnetic material, tire pressure sensing systems may not operate properly because the steel wheels may shield the magnetic energy.

Therefore, the system may also be rendered inoperable because the pressure transmitter is not activated by the magnet.

[0012] Various tire manufacturers have suggested various locations for the pressure sensors. Known systems include coupling a pressure sensor to the valve stem of the tire. Other known systems and proposed systems locate the pressure sensors in various locations within the tire wall or tread.

[0013] These previous techniques have been limited in effectiveness. The magnetic programming technique may be subject to interference and crosstalk, for example in a factory where many such tire monitors are being assembled with tires and vehicles. Also, users of modular products are required to purchase a separate tool to interface with tire pressure monitor systems.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0014] In accordance with one embodiment of the invention, a tire pressure monitor system tool is provided that stores information regarding a plurality of tire pressure monitor systems. The information may include procedures for resetting and diagnosing the tire pressure monitor system. The tool may include a storing module that stores the information and a displaying module that causes the information to be displayed on a display of the tool.

[0015] The tool may enable a user to input data regarding a vehicle. For example, the user may input make, model, and year information of a vehicle. The user may input the data by, for example, navigating one or more lists presented to the user on the display using a keypad provided on the tool. Based on the vehicle data input by the user, the tool may determine a tire pressure monitor system installed on the vehicle using the information stored. Based on the tire pressure monitoring system installed on the vehicle, the tool may determine one or more reset or diagnostic procedures that may be performed by the tool to reset or diagnose the tire pressure monitor system. The tool may also reference the owner's manual of the vehicle should the user be required to perform one or more procedures specific to one or more types of vehicles.

[0016] In accordance with another embodiment of the invention, the tool may include an updating module that updates the information stored by the tool. The updating module may be used to modify or add information to the stored information. The updating module may interface with a computer, the Internet or other data source to obtain information regarding tire pressure monitor systems and procedures relating to these tire pressure monitor systems. According to one embodiment of the invention, the tool includes an update interface that may be, for example, an RS232 port.

[0017] In accordance with another embodiment of the invention, the tool may interface with an electronic control unit of a vehicle. This may be useful, for example, for diagnosing problems with a tire pressure monitor system. By interfacing with the electronic control unit, the tool may determine a tire pressure monitor system installed on the vehicle, use functions of the electronic control unit to analyze a tire pressure monitor system, and provide notice to a user regarding completion of a procedure. For example, by interfacing with the electronic control unit of the vehicle, the tool may cause a vehicle horn to sound or one or more lights to flash to indicate that a procedure has been successfully completed.

[0018] There has thus been outlined, rather broadly, certain embodiments of the invention in order that the detailed

description thereof herein may be better understood, and in order that the present contribution to the art may be better appreciated. There are, of course, additional embodiments of the invention that will be described below and which will form the subject matter of the claims appended hereto.

[0019] In this respect, before explaining at least one embodiment of the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of construction and to the arrangements of the components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the drawings. The invention is capable of embodiments in addition to those described and of being practiced and carried out in various ways. For example, although the invention is described in terms of a plurality of modules, it is to be understood that the invention may be implemented using one or more modules. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology employed herein, as well as the abstract, are for the purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting.

[0020] As such, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the conception upon which this disclosure is based may readily be utilized as a basis for the designing of other structures, methods and systems for carrying out the several purposes of the present invention. It is important, therefore, that the claims be regarded as including such equivalent constructions insofar as they do not depart from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0021] FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of a tire pressure mounting tool according to one embodiment of the invention.

[0022] FIG. 2 is a rear view of a tire pressure monitor tool according to one embodiment of the invention.

[0023] FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a tire pressure monitor tool according to one embodiment of the invention.

[0024] FIG. 4 is a block diagram of a tire pressure monitor tool according to one embodiment of the invention.

[0025] FIGS. 5 and 6 illustrate a method of communicating with a tire pressure monitor system of a vehicle according to one embodiment of the invention.

[0026] FIGS. 7-9 illustrate initial screens that may be displayed by a tire pressure monitor tool according to one embodiment of the invention.

[0027] FIGS. 10-18 illustrate procedure screens that may be displayed by a tire pressure monitor tool according to one embodiment of the invention.

[0028] FIGS. 19-20 illustrate diagnostic procedure screens that may be displayed by a tire pressure monitor tool according to one embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0029] FIG. 1 illustrates a tire pressure monitor tool 10 according to one embodiment of the invention. The tool 10 includes an antenna 12, display 14, selector button 16a-16c, port 18, a power button 20, a casing 22, and passages 24. The antenna 12 may be used to transmit signals from the tool 10 to an electronic control unit of a vehicle and a tire pressure sensor mounted, for example, on a rim or tire of a vehicle. The display 14 may be used to display information to a user regarding, for example, the tool 10, a tire pressure monitor system of a vehicle or status information regarding a resetting or diagnostic function of the tool 10. The selector buttons 16a-16c may be used to navigate through the displays pre-

sented on the display **14** and select that certain functions be performed. The selector buttons **16a-16c** may be positioned below select displays presented on the display **14**. The selector buttons **16a-16c** may be used to select one of the selection displays presented on display **14**. The selection displays may be, for example, up and down arrows, an enter function, a menu function, start, activate, and next operations, yes, no, okay, redo, and stop functions, and reuse or new functions. The selection displays are described in further detail below.

[0030] The port **18** may be a port that enables the tool **10** to be connected to, for example, a computer or Internet connection that enables the tool to be updated with modified or additional information. The port **18** may be, for example, an RS232 serial port that connects the tool **10** to the computer or Internet connection using an RS232 serial cable. This is described in further detail below.

[0031] The power button **20** may be used to turn the tool **10** on and off. According to one embodiment of the invention, the tool may turn off automatically after, for example, three to four minutes of inactivity.

[0032] The casing **22** provides a housing for the tool **10**. The casing may be provided with the passages **24** that may be located in front of a speaker (not shown) that emits audible tones or other notifications while the tool **10** is being used.

[0033] FIG. 2 illustrates a rear view of the tool **10** according one embodiment of the invention. The tool **10** may be battery powered. Therefore, the tool **10** may be provided with a battery compartment **26**. The battery compartment **26** may include a removable battery cover **28** that allows removable insertion of batteries within the battery compartment **26**. According to one embodiment of the invention, the tool **10** is powered by three (3) size C batteries.

[0034] FIG. 3 illustrates a block diagram of the tool **10** illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2. The tool **10** may include a microprocessor **30** that processes software used to operate the tool **10**. According to one embodiment of the invention, the microprocessor is an ATMEGA2561 microprocessor having a clock speed of 8 Mhz. The microprocessor **30** communicates with a keypad **32**. According to one embodiment of the invention, the keypad **32** includes the selector buttons **16a-16c** illustrated in FIG. 1. The microprocessor **30** may also be in communication with a speaker **34**. The speaker **34** may be used to provide audible tones or notifications during use of the tool **10**.

[0035] The microprocessor **30** may also be in communication with a transmitter **36** and a receiver **38**. The transmitter **36** may be used to transmit signals to a tire pressure sensor mounted on a wheel of a vehicle or an electronic control unit of a vehicle. According to one embodiment of the invention, the transmitter **36** operates at 125 khz. Although only one transmitter is shown, it is to be understood that multiple transmitters including transmitters of different types may be used.

[0036] The receiver **38** may be used to receive signals transmitted from a tire pressure sensor mounted on a wheel vehicle and an electronic control unit of a vehicle. According to one embodiment of the invention the receiver **38** may operate at 315 Mhz and have a clock speed of 10.178 Mhz. Alternatively, the receiver **38** may operate at 433 Mhz and have a clock speed of 13.225 Mhz. Although only one receiver is shown, it is to be understood that multiple receivers operating at different frequencies and having different clock speeds may be used.

[0037] The tool **10** may also include a power supply **40**. As stated above, the power supply may be, for example, three (3) size C batteries. The power supply **40** may be in communication with a power regulator **42**. The power regulator **42** may be used to regulate the power supplied to each device of the tool **10**.

[0038] FIG. 4 illustrates a block diagram of the tire pressure monitor tool **10** shown in FIGS. 1 and 2 according to one embodiment of the invention. The tool **10** may include a storing module **50** that stores information regarding a plurality of tire pressure monitor systems. According to one embodiment of the invention, the information stored relates to a plurality of tire pressure monitor systems from a variety of vehicle manufactures and various models and years of the vehicles. The storing module **50** may be, for example, any suitable storage medium such as a storage module on a micro-processor, a hard disk, a removable storage media such as a flash disk for other suitable storage mechanism. The tool **10** also includes a vehicle data requesting module **52**. The vehicle data requesting module **52** may be used to request data regarding a particular vehicle for which the tool **10** may be used. The vehicle data requesting module **52** may present a user of the tool **10** with a plurality of screens displaying information regarding various vehicle types. For example, the user may be presented with the vehicle data associated with the vehicle for which the tool **10** was most recently used. According to another embodiment, the user may be presented with a series of screens displaying lists of various makes, models, and years of various vehicles. The user may use the selector buttons to navigate the lists and select the make, model, and year of a desired vehicle. A receiving module **54** may be used to receive input provided by the user.

[0039] An accessing module **56** may be used to access the information stored in the storing module **50** to determine whether any of the information stored by the storing module **50** is associated with the vehicle data input by the user. If the storing module **50** does not include any information associated with the vehicle data, the user may be notified that no information was located. If information associated with the vehicle data is located, however, a linking module **58** may be used to link the information with the vehicle data. The information may include, for example, communication protocols for communicating with an electronic control unit of the vehicle, procedures for resetting a tire pressure monitor system of the vehicle, diagnosing the tire pressure monitor system of the vehicle or other functions.

[0040] A transmitting module **60** may then be used to transmit a signal from the tool **10** to a tire pressure sensor of the vehicle or an electronic control unit of the vehicle. If the signal is transmitted to the electronic control unit of the vehicle, a vehicle electronic control unit interfacing module **62** may be used to interface with the vehicle electronic control unit. The tool **10** may interface with the vehicle electronic control unit to, for example, reset a tire pressure monitor system of the vehicle. As discussed above, tire replacement and rotation requires resetting of the vehicle's tire pressure monitor system. This enables the vehicle electronic control unit to maintain locations of each tire pressure sensor such that accurate information may be displayed to a driver of the vehicle using, for example, a dashboard display of the vehicle.

[0041] A tire pressure monitor system determining module **64** may be used to determine a type of tire pressure monitor system provided on the vehicle. This information may be

obtained, for example, from the vehicle electronic control unit or by matching the vehicle data with vehicle data provided in a lookup table stored by the tool. Upon determining the tire pressure monitor system installed on the vehicle, a procedure determining module 66 may determine a procedure to be followed to, for example, reset or diagnose the tire pressure monitor system of the vehicle. Based on instructions input by a user, a procedure selecting module 68 selects the procedure corresponding to the instructions input by the user. Some procedures may require a user to perform procedures specific to a vehicle. These procedures are typically located in an owner's manual of the vehicle. Therefore, a manual referencing module 70 may be used to refer to the owner's manual so that the user may perform this procedure prior to continuing to use the tool 10.

[0042] According to one embodiment of the invention, an initiating module 72 may be used to initiate one or more tire pressure sensors of a vehicle. Initiating the tire pressure sensors places the sensors in a state that enables the sensors to communicate with the tool 10 and the electronic control unit of the vehicle. After initiating the sensors, the tire pressure monitor system of the vehicle may be, for example, reset using resetting module 74. The resetting module 74 enables the electronic control unit of the vehicle to determine locations, identification numbers, and other information regarding the tire pressure sensors mounted one or more wheels of the vehicle. According to one embodiment of the invention, the antenna 12 of the tool 10 is placed adjacent a valve stem of a wheel of a vehicle. The tool 10 receives, for example, location, identification number, pressure information, and possibly other information from the tire pressure sensor using receiving module 54 and transmits the information to the vehicle electronic control unit using transmitting module 60.

[0043] A feedback providing module 76 may be used to determine whether the tire pressure monitor system has been reset. For example, the feedback providing module 76 may cause symbols, text or other information to be displayed on the display 14 indicating that a reset procedure has been completed. The information may be displayed on the display 14 using displaying module 78. A notifying module 80 may be used to notify the user that a reset or other procedure has been completed. For example, the notifying module 80 may cause an electronic control unit of a vehicle to sound a horn of the vehicle or flash one or more lights of a vehicle indicating that the reset or other procedure has been completed.

[0044] An updating module 82 may be used to update the information stored by the storing module 50. The updating module 82 may be in communication with the port 18. The updating module 82 may receive information from a computer, the Internet or other data source using, for example, an RS232 serial cable connected to the port 18 and the computer or other device. The updating module 82 may modify information stored by the storing module 50 or add information to the storing module 50. Additional information may be, for example, information relating to tire pressure monitor systems installed on newer vehicles.

[0045] The tool 10 may also include a simulating module 84. The simulating module 84 may be used to simulate a tire pressure sensor to validate the functionality of a tire pressure monitor system on a vehicle.

[0046] A diagnosing module 86 may also be used to diagnose a tire pressure monitor system on a vehicle. The diagnosing module 86 may be used to obtain, for example, tire pressure and other information from the sensor.

[0047] FIGS. 5-6 illustrate a method of communicating with a tire pressure monitor system of a vehicle using a tire pressure monitor tool according to one embodiment of the invention. In step 102, information regarding tire pressure monitor systems and vehicles using such vehicles may be stored by the tire pressure monitor tool. The tool may be used to obtain tire pressure information from one or more wheels of a vehicle provided with tire pressure sensors. To communicate properly with a tire pressure sensor, the tire pressure tool must be provided with data regarding the vehicle from which tire pressure information is sought. Vehicle data may be requested using the tool as illustrated in step 104. Vehicle data may be requested by, for example, displaying a make, model, and year of a vehicle and requesting that the user confirm or change the vehicle data.

[0048] If the vehicle data displayed is not related to the vehicle from which tire pressure information is sought, the tool may provide a series of displays to the user enabling the user to select a make, model, and year data from among a list of makes, models, and years. This information may be received by the tool in step 106. The information stored in step 102 is then accessed in step 108 to determine whether tire pressure monitor system information relating to the vehicle data received by the tool is being stored. If information relating to the vehicle data is located, this information is linked with the vehicle data in step 110.

[0049] The tool may use this information to communicate with the electronic control unit of the vehicle, step 112. Based on the communication with the electronic control unit, a determination may be made regarding a tire pressure monitor system installed on the vehicle 114. Based on the tire pressure monitor system installed, a determination may be made regarding a procedure to, for example, reset or diagnose the tire pressure monitor system, step 116. The resetting or diagnosing procedure is then selected based on input provided by a user using the tool 10 as illustrated in step 118. The resetting or diagnosing procedure may require a user to perform a procedure particular to the vehicle. Therefore, the tool may reference a vehicle owner's manual so that the user may follow the procedure identified in the owner's manual, step 120. The procedure may be, for example, placing the vehicle in a learn mode such that the vehicle or electronic control unit is able to receive tire pressure monitor system information from tire pressure sensors provided on one or more wheels of the vehicle.

[0050] In step 122, one or more of the tire pressure sensors provided on the wheels of the vehicle may be initiated. Initiating the tire pressure sensors enable the sensors to communicate with the tool 10 and the vehicle electronic control unit. Initiating the sensors may be performed by, for example, placing an antenna of a tire pressure monitor tool adjacent or near a valve stem of a wheel of the vehicle. The tool 10 transmits and receives information between the vehicle electronic control unit and the tire pressure sensor such that the vehicle or the electronic control unit may determine a location, identification number, tire pressure, or other information from the tire pressure sensor.

[0051] Feedback may be provided to the user to, for example, indicate that a sensor has been successfully initiated or that the signal has been received by the tire pressure monitor tool, step 124. This information may be displayed on a display of the tire pressure monitor tool as illustrated in step 126. The user may also be notified whether a resetting or diagnosing procedure has been completed, step 128. For

example, the tool **10** may cause the electronic control unit of the vehicle to sound a horn of the vehicle or flash one or more lights of the vehicle indicating that the resetting or diagnosing procedure has been completed.

[0052] According to one embodiment of the invention, the tool **10** may be updated with modified or additional tire pressure monitor system information, step **130**. For example, the tool may be provided with a port that receives, for example, an RS232 serial cable that may be connected to a computer, the Internet or other data source such that tire pressure monitor system information may be communicated to the tool in step **130** and stored in step **102**. The tire pressure monitor system information may include modifications or additions to the information already stored by the tire pressure monitor tool.

[0053] The tool **10** may also simulate a tire pressure sensor of a vehicle, step **132**. The tool **10** may simulate the tire pressure sensor to validate the functionality of a tire pressure monitor system installed on a vehicle. The tool **10** may also be used to diagnose the tire pressure monitor system, step **134**. The tool **10** may be used to obtain information such as tire pressure and sensor identification information. Additionally, the tool **10** may obtain information regarding a battery condition of the batteries provided in the tire pressure monitor tool **10**.

[0054] FIGS. 7-9 illustrate initial displays that may be presented to a user of a tire pressure monitor tool according to one embodiment of the invention. FIG. 7 illustrates a display **150** that may be, for example, a start up screen displayed on the tire pressure monitor tool display. The display **150** may include a product name and/or logo **152** and/or other information **154**. FIG. 8 illustrates a display **156** that may be, for example, a main menu of the tool. The display **156** may include a title area **158** for displaying a title of the display. The display **156** may include a plurality of a selectable options **160a-160c** that may be displayed in a list in the display **156**. The selectable options **160a-160c** may include, for example, reset **160a**, diagnostics **160b**, and update **160c**. The selectable options **160a-160c** may be navigated using selection displays presented above selector buttons provided on the tire pressure monitor tool. The selection displays may be, for example, an up arrow **162** and a down arrow **164**. By pressing the selector buttons provided on the tool, a user may navigate up and down the display **156** to select a desired function. The function may be selected by pressing the selector button located beneath selection display Enter **166** provided on the display **156**. The tool may indicate a function to be selected by, for example, highlighting, circling, underlining or other formatting to distinguish the function to be selected among other selectable functions.

[0055] FIG. 9 illustrates a vehicle information screen display **168** that displays information regarding a particular vehicle. The display **168** may include an information display area **170** that displays vehicle data regarding a particular vehicle. The display **168** also includes selection displays **172**, **174** that enable a user to either reuse the vehicle data provided on the display **168** or create new vehicle data, respectfully. FIG. 10 illustrates a display **176** that enables a user to select a vehicle make. The display **176** may include a title area **158** that provides a title of the display. The display **176** may also include a list of selectable options **178a-178n** that a user may use to either select a vehicle make or return to the main menu. The display **176** may also include the selection displays **162**, **164**, and **166** described above. The user may use the selection

displays **162**, **164**, and **166** to navigate and select a particular vehicle make or a main menu option for returning to the main menu.

[0056] If a user selects a vehicle make, the user may then be presented with a display **180** as shown in FIG. 11. The display **180** may enable a user to select a particular model associated with the vehicle make selected using the display **176**. The display **180** may include a list of selectable models associated with the vehicle make selected and also enable the user to return to the main menu. The display **180** may also include the selection displays **162**, **164**, and **166** as described. The user may navigate the list provided in the display **180** and select a desired model. If a user selects a desired model, the user may be presented with a display **184** as illustrated in FIG. 12. The display **184** may include a title area **158** and selection displays **162**, **164**, and **166** as described above. The display **184** may also include a list of years from which a user can select a desired year associated with the vehicle make and model previously selected. The display **184** may include a list having a main menu option **186a** and a plurality of selectable years **186b-186n** from which the user may select.

[0057] If the user selects a vehicle year, the user may be presented with a display **188** as illustrated in FIG. 13. The display **188** may include a title area **158** that provides a title of the display. The display **188** may also include a user instruction **190** providing a user with an instruction to perform a task. For example, the user may be instructed to refer to a particular section of the vehicle's user manual for performing a certain function. The display **188** may also include main menu selection display **192** and next selection display **194** displayed above two of the selector buttons provided on the tire pressure monitor tool. The user may use the selection displays **192**, **194** to return to a main menu of the tire pressure monitor tool or proceed to a next step of, for example, a reset procedure after performing the task instructed in the display **188**.

[0058] If the user selects the next selection display **194**, the user may be presented with a display **196** as illustrated in FIG. 14. The display **196** includes an instruction **190** and a main menu selection display **192** as discussed above. The display **196** may also include a start selection display **198** presented above a selector button provided on the tire pressure monitor tool. If the user selects the start selection display **198**, the user may be presented with a display **200** as illustrated in FIG. 15. The display **200** may include a user instruction **190** and a next selection display **194** as discussed above. After selecting the next selection display **194** the user may be presented with a display **202** as illustrated in FIG. 16.

[0059] The display **202** may provide text and/or graphics **204** illustrating that the tool is performing a function and may provide details regarding that function. For example, during a reset procedure, the display **202** may indicate that a left front tire pressure sensor is being reset and instructs the user to please wait. The display **202** may also include a main menu selection display **192** as discussed above.

[0060] Upon completion of the function, a display **206** as illustrated in FIG. 17 may be presented on the tire pressure monitor tool. The display **206** may include a text area **190** that provides information to the user and may also include an interrogatory. The interrogatory may be, for example, "Did horn sound?". The display **206** may include selection displays Yes **208** and No **210** that enable the user to answer the interrogatory. The selection displays **208**, **210** may be selected using selector buttons provided on the tool and below the

selection displays. The selection 206 may also include a main menu selection display 192 as discussed above.

[0061] If the user selects Yes selection display 208, the user may be presented with a display 212 as illustrated in FIG. 18. The display 212 may include a text area 188 indicating that the procedure has been completed. The display 212 may also include a main menu selection display 192 as discussed above. If the user selects No selection display 210, however, the tool may present a previous display such as, for example, display 196 as illustrated in FIG. 14. This enables the user to repeat the procedure to attempt to properly complete the procedure.

[0062] FIG. 19 illustrates a diagnostic test screen display 214 according to one embodiment of the invention. The display 214 includes a text area 190 and main menu selection display 192 as described above. The text display 190 may include, for example, an identification number of a tire pressure sensor from which tire pressure information has been received, the tire pressure for that particular tire, and an operating mode of the electronic control unit of the vehicle. The display may also include a signal indicator 216 indicating whether a signal is being received from the tire sensor and a battery level indicator 218 indicating an approximate battery level remaining in the batteries of the tire pressure monitor tool. The display 216 may also include an activate selection display 220 that activates a diagnostic procedure of the tire pressure monitor tool. Upon selection of the activate selection display 220, a signal transmitting signal symbol 222 may be presented in a display 218 to indicate that the tire pressure monitor tool is transmitting a signal to the tire pressure sensor as illustrated in FIG. 20.

[0063] The many features and advantages of the invention are apparent from the detailed specification, and thus, it is intended by the appended claims to cover all such features and advantages of the invention which fall within the true spirit and scope of the invention. Further, since numerous modifications and variations will readily occur to those skilled in the art, it is not desired to limit the invention to the exact construction and operation illustrated and described, and accordingly, all suitable modifications and equivalents may be resorted to, falling within the scope of the invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A tool for communicating with a tire pressure monitor system comprising:
 - a storing module configured to store tire pressure monitor system information and at least one of a plurality of tire pressure monitor system reset procedures and diagnostic procedures for at least one vehicle;
 - a vehicle data requesting module configured to request vehicle data;
 - a tire pressure monitor system interfacing module configured to interface with a tire pressure monitor system of the at least one vehicle;
 - a tire pressure monitor system determining module configured to determine the tire pressure monitor system of the at least one vehicle;
 - a procedure determining module configured to determine at least one of a tire pressure monitor system reset procedure and a tire pressure monitor system diagnostic procedure of the at least one vehicle.
2. The tool according to claim 1, further comprising a procedure selecting module configured to select at least one of the tire pressure monitor system reset procedure and the tire pressure monitor system diagnostic procedure of the at least one vehicle.
3. The tool according to claim 1, further comprising a displaying module configured to display vehicle information.
4. The tool according to claim 1, further comprising a diagnosing module configured to diagnose the tire pressure monitor system of the at least one vehicle.
5. The tool according to claim 1, further comprising a resetting module configured to reset the tire pressure monitor system of the at least one vehicle.
6. The tool according to claim 5, further comprising a manual referencing module configured to reference at least one section of a vehicle owner's manual.
7. The tool according to claim 5, further comprising a notifying module configured to notify a user of a status of the reset procedure.
8. The tool according to claim 7, wherein the notifying module causes a vehicle electronic control unit to at least one of sound a vehicle horn and flash at least one vehicle light.
9. The tool according to claim 1, further comprising an updating module configured to update the tire pressure monitor system information.
10. The tool according to claim 9, wherein the updating module comprises an update interface.
11. The tool according to claim 10, wherein the update interface comprises an RS232 port.
12. The tool according to claim 1, wherein the at least one vehicle data comprises at least one of make, model, and year data.
13. A method of communicating with a tire pressure monitor system comprising:
 - requesting vehicle data of a vehicle;
 - accessing stored tire pressure monitor system information;
 - determining whether at least a portion of the tire pressure monitor system information is associated with the vehicle data;
 - determining whether the tire pressure monitor system information comprises at least one of a reset procedure and a diagnostic procedure associated with the tire pressure monitor system.
14. The method according to claim 13, further comprising selecting at least one of the reset and diagnostic procedures if a determination is made that the tire pressure monitor system information includes at least one of the reset procedure and the diagnostic procedure.
15. The method according to claim 13, further comprising performing at least one of the reset procedure and the diagnostic procedure.
16. The method according to claim 13, further comprising displaying a status of at least one of the reset procedure and the diagnostic procedure.
17. The method according to claim 13, further comprising referencing at least a portion of a vehicle owner's manual.
18. The method according to claim 13, further comprising notifying a user of a status of a reset procedure.
19. The method according to claim 18, further comprising sounding a horn of the vehicle.
20. The method according to claim 18, further comprising flashing at least one light of the vehicle.
21. The method according to claim 13, further comprising updating the stored tire pressure monitor system information.
22. The method according to claim 13, wherein the vehicle data comprises at least one of make, model, and year data.

23. The method according to claim **13**, further comprising storing the tire pressure monitor system information.

24. A tool for communicating with a tire pressure monitor system comprising:

storing means for storing tire pressure monitor system information and at least one of a plurality of tire pressure monitor system reset procedures and diagnostic procedures for at least one vehicle;

vehicle data requesting means for requesting vehicle data; tire pressure monitor system interfacing means for interfacing with a tire pressure monitor system of the at least one vehicle;

tire pressure monitor system determining means for determining the tire pressure monitor system of the at least one vehicle;

procedure determining means for determining at least one of a tire pressure monitor system reset procedure and a tire pressure monitor system diagnostic procedure of the at least one vehicle.

25. The tool according to claim **24**, further comprising procedure selecting means for selecting at least one of the tire pressure monitor system reset procedure and the tire pressure monitor system diagnostic procedure of the vehicle.

26. The tool according to claim **24**, further comprising displaying means for displaying vehicle information.

27. The tool according to claim **24**, further comprising diagnosing means for diagnosing the tire pressure monitor system of the at least one vehicle.

28. The tool according to claim **24**, further comprising resetting means for resetting the tire pressure monitor system of the at least one vehicle.

29. The tool according to claim **28**, further comprising manual referencing means for referencing a vehicle owner's manual.

30. The tool according to claim **28**, further comprising notifying means for notifying a user of a status of the reset procedure.

31. The tool according to claim **30**, wherein the notifying means causes a vehicle electronic control unit to at least one of sound a vehicle horn and flash at least one vehicle light.

32. The tool according to claim **24**, further comprising updating means for updating the tire pressure monitor system information.

33. The tool according to claim **32**, wherein the updating means comprises an update interface.

34. The tool according to claim **33**, wherein the update interface comprises an RS232 port.

35. The tool according to claim **24**, wherein the at least one vehicle data comprises at least one of make, model, and year data.

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